University of East Anglia Financial Statements 2001 - 2002



University of East Anglia
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Vice-Chancellor

Professor David Eastwood, BA, MA, Dphi

Treasurer

Stuart Holmes, FCA

Director of Finance

Charles W Morland, CPFA

Deputy Director of Finance

Tim Greenacre, ACMA

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc Gurneys Bank Bank Plain Norwich NR2 4SP

Investment Managers

Gerrard Ltd Temple Court 35 Bull Street Birmingham B4 6ES

Auditors

RSM Robson Rhodes Daedalus House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2RE

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Treasurer's report

Outturn on Activities

The University earned an operating surplus of £2.5 million (2000/01 £2.5 million). This surplus was £0.8 million greater than forecast principally due to a variety of increases in income and cost underspendings across the board.

Turnover rose to £98.4 million (2000-01 £90.15 million) with significant increases in all our main sources of income. These increases are in line with our strategic objectives and demonstrate the benefit of focus on agreed priorities.

Research grants and contracts increased from £19.6 million in 2000-2001 to £21.6 million in 2001-02. Our current order book indicates that this amount will grow further in 2002-03. Indications from the recent spending settlement for science suggests that this upward trend in volume could be accompanied in future years by a greater contribution to University overheads. In 2001-02 these contributions amounted to £3.12 million.

Income from Funding Council Grants grew by £2.2 million from £29.4 million to £31.6 million. £1.0 million reflected increased levels of activity and £1.3 million included the HEFCE grant relating to the start up cost of the School of Medicine, Health Policy and Practice.

Tuition fee income, including income relating to teaching contracts increased by £2.4 million, of which £0.6 million related to full time Home/EU students and £1.7 million to full time international students. Teaching contract income increased by £0.4 million whilst short course fees reduced by a similar amount.

Other Income increased by £1.8 million to £18.2 million. Of this increase £0.6 million related to Residences, Catering and Conferences, £0.4 million to Other Services Rendered and £0.8 million to other sources of general income including a strong performance from the Sports Park.

Expenditure increased by £8.3 million to £95.9 million (2000-2001 £87.6 million). Increased costs included £4.6 million year on year growth in pay costs, partly as a result of increased activity and partly as a result of pay awards. We took the decision to invest an extra £2.0 million in estate maintenance while other cost increases reflect increased activity. Of the £7.2 million depreciation charge, £3.5 million is met from deferred capital grants and £3.7 million from the University.

Reserves

Our reserves increased by £2.5 million to £31.5 million, most of which represents accumulated school surpluses. The cash-backed strategic reserve is £4.2 million. We need to build the level of strategic reserve to give us greater ability to back investments of strategic importance. In the next year or two there will be spending pressures on this reserve as we use it to fund capital programmes.

Investment of Resources

The value of fixed tangible assets increased during the year by £10.1 million to £101.8 million. Main items of expenditure are the ICER building, the completion of the School of Medicine and research equipment purchased out of external grants.

It remains important that we continue to attract funding for the construction and refurbishment of fixed assets as our operating income is insufficient to finance these costs in full. The latest spending review 2002 has indicated a significant increase in resources for higher education, part of which will come to universities through capital funds specifically targeted on research infrastructure. Nevertheless, we will still need to generate funds to meet the costs of new building and refurbishment work in schools and support functions not targeted by monies from these sources, notably teaching.

Treasurer's report (continued)

Financial Resources

Our net debt, being loans less investments and cash, fell from £14.4 million in 2000-01 to £6.0 million at the year-end. Investments are up from £10.9 million in 2000-2001 to £14.5 million in 2001-2002 and cash increased by £3.7 million to £7.5 million. This increase was due principally to an increase in the value of advance payments by the EU on research grants and contracts.

Conclusion

The University continues to be prudently managed and, as a result of this and the hard work of staff, it has achieved significant and sustainable growth over a period of years.

This stable base and a hard earned reputation for quality, across the whole range of our activities, are the twin platforms on which to face the challenges of the future.

Stuart Holmes 18 November 2002

Corporate Governance Statement

The University is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. This summary describes the manner in which the University is applying the principles set out in Section 1 of the Combined Code on Corporate Governance issued by the London Stock Exchange in June 1998

The University Council is responsible for the University's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. Such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The process for identifying, evaluating and managing the University's significant risks is now well developed and will be fully in place for the Financial Year 2002-03. This process will be regularly reviewed by the Council and adapted in the light of experience. The process accords with the internal control guidance for directors on the Combined Code as deemed appropriate for higher education.

The University Council meets four times a year and has several committees, including the Planning and Resources Committee, the Council Membership Committee, the Senior Officers Remuneration Committee, and the Audit Committee. All of these Committees are formally constituted with written terms of reference, specified membership, including a proportion of lay members, and delegated powers.

In respect of its strategic and development responsibilities, the Council receives recommendations and advice from the Planning and Resources Committee, a joint committee of the Council and of the Senate, the body responsible for the University's academic affairs. This Committee's membership includes two lay members appointed by the Council from amongst its members.

The Planning and Resources Committee inter alia recommends to the Council the University's annual revenue and capital budgets and monitors performance in relation to the approved budgets.

The Council Membership Committee considers nominations for co-opted vacancies in the Council membership under the relevant Statute. This Committee's membership includes two lay members appointed by the Council from amongst its members

The Senior Officers Remuneration Committee determines the remuneration of the most senior staff, including the Vice-Chancellor.

The Audit Committee meets three times a year, with the University's external and internal auditors in attendance. The Committee considers detailed reports together with recommendations for the improvement of the University's systems of internal control and management's responses and implementation plans. It also receives and considers reports from the Funding Council as they affect the University's business and monitors adherence to regulatory requirements. Whilst senior officers attend meetings of the Audit Committee as necessary, they are not members of the Committee.

The senior management team receives reports setting out key performance risk indicators and relevant controls. The senior management team also receive regular reports from the Health and Safety Advisory Committee which include recommendations for improvement while the Vice-Chancellor, as Chairman of the senior management team and as the Responsible Officer under the Terms of the Financial Memorandum with the HEFCE, receives regular reports from the Principal Internal Auditor and assurances from the Audit Committee (via the Council) on internal financial controls and Value For Money which include recommendations for improvement. The Audit Committee's role has been augmented to include review of the health of the risk management process and the quality of information feeding into that process. The Council's agenda includes a regular item for consideration of risk and control. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance. At its October 2001 meeting, the Council carried out an assessment for the year ended 31st July 2001 by considering documentation from the senior management team, and taking account of events since 31 July 2000. No significant adverse events had occurred during the year in question.

Corporate Governance Statement (Continued)

In accordance with the Royal Charter, the Council of the University of East Anglia is responsible for the administration and management of the affairs of the University and group and is required to present audited accounts for each financial year.

The Council is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the University and enable it to ensure that the accounts are prepared in accordance with the Royal Charter, the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting in Higher Education Institutions, guidance issued by the Higher Education Funding Council for England ("HEFCE") and relevant accounting standards. In addition, within the terms and conditions of a Financial Memorandum agreed between the HEFCE and the Council, the Council, through its designated office holder, is required to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the University and group and of the surplus or deficit and cash flows for that year.

In causing the accounts to be prepared, the Council has to ensure that:

- suitable accounting policies are selected and applied consistently;
- judgements and estimates are made that are reasonable and prudent;
- applicable United Kingdom accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- accounts are prepared on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the University and group will continue in operation.

The Council has taken reasonable steps to:

- ensure that funds from the HEFCE are used only for the purposes for which they have been given and in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the HEFCE and any other conditions which the HEFCE may from time to time prescribe;
- ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place to safeguard public funds and funds from other sources;
- safeguard the assets of the University and group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities;
- secure the economic, efficient and effective management of the University's and group's resources and expenditure.

The Annual Financial Statements are available on the University's web site. The maintenance and integrity of the University's web site is the responsibility of the Council; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the information contained in the financial statements since they were initially presented on the web site.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements and other information included in annual financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Signed on behalf of Council

9 December 2002

Independent auditors' report to the Council of the University of East Anglia

We have audited the financial statements on pages 7 to 27

Respective responsibilities of the Council and Auditors

As described on page 5, the Council is responsible for preparing the financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on the financial statements, and to report as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the relevent guidance.

We also report to you whether, income from funding bodies, grant and income for specific purposes and from restricted funds administered by the University have been properly applied for the purposes for which they were received and whether income has been applied in accordance with the University's statutes, the financial memorandum with HEFCE and the TTA funding agreement.

We also, at the request of the Council, review whether the statement on page 4 reflects the University's compliance with the relevent provisions of the Combined Code specified for our review by the Council, and we report if it does not.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board and the HEFCE code of Audit practice. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Council in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give us reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the University and the group as at 31 July 2002 and of the surplus of income over expenditure and cash flow of the group for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice Accounting in Further and Higher Education Institutions;
- ii income from the Higher Education Funding Council for England ("HEFCE") and the Teacher Training Agency ("TTA"), grants and income for specific purposes and from other restricted funds administered by the University during the year ended 31 July 2002 have been applied only for the purposes for which they were received; and
- iii income during the year ended 31 July 2002 has been applied in accordance with the University's Statutes and where appropriate with the Financial Memorandum dated August 2000 with the HEFCE and the funding agreement dated July 1996 with the TTA.

RSM Robson Rhodes	
Chartered Accountants	
Registered Auditors	
Daedalus House,Station Road,Cambridge,CB1 2F	ŁΕ
9 December 2002	

Statement of accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the University's financial statements.

1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified by the revaluation of endowment asset investments, in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education ("the SORP") and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the University and all subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 31 July 2002. The University does not exercise a dominant influence on the Union of UEA Students and therefore the accounts of that body are not consolidated.

3 Recognition of income

Income from specific endowments, research grants and other contracts is included to the extent of the expenditure incurred during the year, together with any related contributions towards overhead costs. All income from short term deposits is credited to the income and expenditure account on a receivable basis.

4 Pension costs

The two principal pension schemes for the University's staff are the national Universities Superannuation Scheme and the University of East Anglia Staff Superannuation Scheme, both defined benefit schemes contracted out of the State Earnings-Related Pension Scheme. The schemes are valued every three years by actuaries using the projected unit method, the rates of contributions payable being determined by the trustees on the advice of the actuaries. Pension costs are assessed on the latest actuarial valuation of the schemes and are accounted for on the basis of charging the cost of providing pensions over the period during which the University benefits from the employees' services. Unless it is considered prudent to recognise deficiencies over a shorter period, variations from regular cost are spread over the expected average remaining working life of members of the schemes after making allowance for future withdrawals.

5 Fixed tangible assets and depreciation

Fixed tangible assets are those tangible assets intended to be used on a continuing basis in the activities of the University or of its subsidiary companies.

- a Land and buildings are stated at cost including attributable interest or valuation at date of donation. Land is held freehold and is not depreciated. Buildings are depreciated over their expected useful life of 50 years, on a straight line basis.
- Adaptions and remodelling of buildings are capitalised at cost and are depreciated over their expected useful life of between fifteen and twenty five years, on a straight line basis.
- c Plant & equipment are capitalised at cost and are depreciated over their expected useful lives on a straight line basis, equipment over four years and plant over fifteen years.
- d Art collections donated to the University are stated at estimated valuation at the date of receipt and purchased additions are capitalised at cost. These assets are not depreciated. No current valuations of the University's art collections are included in the financial statements since in the Council's opinion such valuations could not adequately reflect either the terms on which the collections are held or their enormous significance to the University.

6 Library books and periodicals

Expenditure on books, periodicals and other documents acquired by the Library is charged to revenue in the year incurred.

7 Investments

Endowment asset investments are included in the balance sheet at market value. Current asset investments are included at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Investments in subsidiary companies are included in the balance sheet at the lower of cost and the value of the underlying net assets, using the University's accounting policies. Endowment asset investments include cash and short term deposits so that endowment asset investments equal specific endowments in the balance sheet.

Statement of accounting policies (continued)

8 Deferred capital grants

Where a fixed asset is donated to the University or acquired with the aid of a specific grant or gift, the related grant or gift is treated as a deferred capital grant and is released to income over the expected useful life of the asset.

9 Specific endowments

The unspent balances of bequests and gifts received, for which the use of the capital and income or only the income is restricted to specific purposes designated by the donors, are included in the balance sheet as specific endowments. Transfers are made from specific endowments to income or to deferred capital grants as appropriate to match funded expenditure.

10 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the year end. Gains and losses on translation are included in the income and expenditure account.

11 Taxation

The University is an exempt charity within the meaning of Schedule 2 of the Charities Act 1993 and as such is a charity within the meaning of Section 506(1) of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988. The University receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

12 Stock valuation

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

13 Cash flows and liquid resources

Cash flows comprise increases or decreases in cash. Cash includes cash in hand, deposits repayable on demand and overdrafts. Deposits are payable on demand if they are in practice available within 24 hours without penalty. No investments, however liquid, are included as cash.

Liquid resources comprise assets held as a readily disposable store of value. They include term deposits, government securities and loan stock held as part of the University's treasury management activities. They exclude any such asset held as Endowment Asset Investments other than the University's short term deposits used to fund endowments.

14 Leases

Leasing agreements which transfer to the University substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as if the asset had been purchased outright. The assets are included in fixed assets and the capital element of the leasing commitments is shown as obligations under finance leases. The lease rentals are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The capital element is applied to reduce the outstanding obligations and the interest element is charged against income and expenditure in proportion to the reducing capital element outstanding. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the useful lives of equivalent owned assets.

Consolidated income and expenditure account for the year ended 31 July 2002

Income	Note	2002 £000	2001 £000
Funding council grants	1	31,578	29,363
Tuition fees and education contracts	2	25,459	23,022
Research grants and contracts	3	21,641	19,568
Other income	4	18,155	16,322
Endowment and investment income	5	1,579	1,879
Total income		98,412	90,154
Expenditure			
Staff costs	6	56,657	52,046
Depreciation	11	7,198	6,720
Other operating expenses	7	29,711	26,317
Interest payable	8	2,363	2,557
Total expenditure		95,929	87,640
Surplus before tax		2,483	2,514
Taxation	10	(11)	(4)
Surplus for the financial year		2,472	2,510

The income and expenditure for the two years relate entirely to continuing operations.

The University of East Anglia has no revalued assets and there is, therefore, no difference between the results as reported and the historical cost results for either year.

The notes on pages 14 to 27 form part of these financial statements

Consolidated balance sheet as at 31 July 2002

	Note	2002 £000	2001 £000
Fixed assets		2000	2000
Tangible assets	11	101,835	91,719
Other investments	21	123	45
		101,958	91,764
Endowment assets	12	3,558	3,716
Current assets			
Stocks		450	457
Debtors	13	9,974	12,195
Investments	14	14,495	10,854
Cash at bank and in hand		7,510	3,814
		32,429	27,320
Creditors : Amounts falling due		(1 (770)	
within one year	15	(16,778)	(16,675)
Net current assets		15,651	10,645
Total assets less current liabilities		121,167	106,125
Creditors: Amounts falling due after			
more than one year	16	(26,611)	(28,141)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	17	(2,186)	(1,861)
Total net assets		92,370	76,123
Represented by:			
Represented by.			
Deferred capital grants	18	57,364	43,431
Specific endowments	19	3,558	3,716
Reserves			
General reserve	20	31,448	28,976
Total funds		92,370	76,123

The financial statements were approved by the Council on 9 December 2002 and have been signed on it behalf by:

David Eastwood	Vice-Chancellor
Stuart Holmes	Treasurer
Charles W Morland	Director of Finance

The notes on pages 14 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

University balance sheet as at 31 July 2002

	Note	2002	2001
Fixed assets		£000	£000
Tangible assets	11	94,735	84,162
Investments in subsidiaries	27	6,358	6,203
Other investments	21	35	35
		101,128	90,400
Endowment assets	12	3,558	3,716
Current assets			
Stocks		450	457
Debtors	13	10,452	12,132
Investments	14	14,495	10,854
Cash at bank and in hand		5,919	2,675
6 P. 6 . CH. 1		31,316	26,118
Creditors : Amounts falling due within one year	15	(16,536)	(16,104)
Net current assets		14,780	10,014
Total assets less current liabilities		119,466	104,130
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	16	(25,230)	(26,592)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	17	(2,186)	(1,861)
Total net assets		92,050	75,677
Represented by:			
Deferred capital grants	18	57,364	43,431
Specific endowments	19	3,558	3,716
Reserves General reserve	20	31,128	28,530
Total funds		92,050	75,677

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David Eastwood	Vice-Chancellor
Stuart Holmes	Treasurer
Charles W Morland	Director of Finance

The notes on pages 14 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

Consolidated cash flow statement for the year ended 31 July 2002

		200	02	200	01
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	22		8,846		5,590
Returns on investments and servicing of fi Interest and dividends received Interest paid Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	nance	832 (2,363)	(1,531)	1,130 (2,557)	(1,427)
Taxation			(11)		(4)
Capital expenditure and financial investm Payments to acquire fixed tangible assets Payments to acquire endowment assets Capital grants received Endowments received	ent	(17,005) (241) 17,401 <u>923</u>		(12,013) (26) 5,551 555	
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure financial investment	and		1,078		(5,933)
Cash (outflow)/inflow before use of liquid	resources	and financing	8,382		(1,774)
Management of liquid resources (Increase)/decrease in short term deposits maturing within three months Decrease in short term deposits held as endowment funds	23 23	(3,641) 65		538 220	
Decrease in other short term deposits	23	-		1,000	
			(3,576)		1,758
Financing					
Capital element of finance lease rental payments Loans acquired	24 25	(158) 820		(148) 2,350	
Loans repaid	25	(1,729)	(1,067)	(1,291)	911
Increase in cash	23		3,739		895

Liquid resources include term deposits of less than a year, government securities and AA rated corporate bonds

Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt

Increase in cash in the period	3,739		895	
Cash outflow/(inflow) from decrease/(increase) in debt	1,067		(911)	
Cash outflow/(inflow) from increase/(decrease)	3,576		(1,758)	
in liquid resources				
Change in net funds		8,382		(1,774)
Finance lease obligations entered into		-		-
Net debt at beginning of year		(14,441)		(12,667)
Net debt at end of year	-	(6,059)		(14,441)

The notes on pages 14 to 27 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of consolidated total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 July 2002

	2002 £000	2001 £000
Surplus for the year	2,472	2,510
Depreciation of endowment asset investments	(334)	(84)
Endowments and endowment income retained/(disbursed) for the year	176	(194)
Total recognised gains relating to the year	2,314	2,232
Opening reserves and endowments	32,692	30,460
Net gains as above	2,314	2,232
Closing reserves and endowments	35,006	32,692

Notes to the financial statements

		Consol	idated
		2002	2001
1	Funding council grants	£000	£000
	Basic recurrent grant (HEFCE)	27,042	26,053
	Basic recurrent grant (TTA)	1,328	1,466
	Special grants (HEFCE)	2,586	1,301
	Special grants (TTA)	50	37
	Deferred capital grants released in the year (note 18)	572	506
		31,578	29,363
2	Tuition fees and education contracts		
	Full-time students	8,546	7,932
	Full-time students charged overseas fees	7,306	5,567
	Part-time fees	1,491	1,549
	Short course fees	929	1,348
	Other Teaching Contracts	6,892	6,441
	Research Training Support Grants	295	185
		25,459	23,022
3	Research grants and contracts		
	Grants from research councils	9,044	7,123
	Grants from UK charities	3,971	3,512
	Other grants	8,626	8,933
		21,641	19,568
4	Other income		
	Residences, catering and conferences	8,522	7,882
	Other services rendered	2,089	1,651
	Deferred capital grants released in the year	1,204	1,204
	Donations received	162	204
	Other income	6,178	5,381
		18,155	16,322
5	Endowment and investment income		
	Transferred from specific endowments (note 19)	928	947
	Income from current asset investments and cash balances	651	932
		1,579	1,879
6	Staff costs		
	Wages and salaries	48,300	44,409
	Social security costs	3,463	3,268
	Other pension costs	4,894	4,369
		56,657	52,046
	Emoluments of the Vice-Chancellor	134	127
		134	127
		134	12/

The emoluments of the Vice-Chancellor exclude the University's related pension contributions. No pension contributions were paid during 2001 or 2002.

6 Staff costs (continued)

The remuneration of other staff paid more than £50,000 in the year, excluding employer's pension contributions, fell in the following bands:

	commoditions, tell in the following bunds.				Num 2002	ber of staf 2001
	£50,000 - £59,999 £60,000 - £69,999 £70,000 - £79,999 £80,000 - £89,999 £110,000 - £119,999				43 10 4 3 1 61	36 5 3 1 -
	Average number of staff employed by category Academic Research and analogous Secretarial and clerical Technical Other related Admin,senior library and comp				461 373 487 147 193 186 451 2,298	467 352 462 138 177 167 442 2,205
					Consoli	dated
7	Other operating expenses				2002 £000	2001 £000
	Residences, catering and conferences Fellowships, scholarships and prizes Library books and periodicals Heat, light, water and power Long-term maintenance Grant to Union of UEA Students Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration in respect of non-aud Other expenses Other operating expenses are analysed by a		e 9 below.		2,545 427 1,266 1,161 1,332 332 41 16 22,591	2,007 370 1,071 1,222 715 326 40 14 20,552 26,317
8	Interest payable					
	Bank and other loans wholly repayable withi Loans not wholly repayable within five years	n tive years			2,362	2,554
					2,363	2,557
9	Analysis of consolidated expenditu	re by activ	vity	Other		
		Staff costs £000	Depreciation £000	operating expenses £000	Interest payable £000	Total £000
	Academic departments Academic services Research grants and contracts Residences, catering and conferences Other services rendered Premises Administration and central services Other expenses	29,880 3,429 10,844 2,463 563 2,730 6,726	1,174 729 1,688 920 4 2,507 176	7,600 2,647 5,985 2,545 1,094 4,586 4,710 544	2,058 - 305 -	38,654 6,805 18,517 7,986 1,661 10,128 11,612 566
	Total	56,657	7,198	29,711	2,363	95,929

9 Analysis of consolidated expenditure by activity continued (2001)

				Other		
		Staff		operating	Interest	
		costs	Depreciation	expenses	payable	Total
		£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
	Academic departments	27,713	1,117	7,551	2000	36,381
	Academic departments Academic services	3,256	744	2,424	_	6,424
	Research grants and contracts	9,720	1,465	5,289	-	16,474
	•		824		2 101	
	Residences, catering and conferences Other services rendered	2,307 589	5	2,007 748	2,191	7,329
					2//	1,342
	Premises	2,476	2,403	3,450	366	8,695
	Administration and central services	5,924	160	4,469	-	10,553
	Other expenses	61	2 720	379	0.557	442
	Total	52,046	6,720	26,317	2,557	87,640
					Consoli	dated
					2002	2001
					£000	£000
	The depreciation charge has been funded	by:				
	Deferred capital grants rele	•			3,468	3,179
	General income	,			3,730	3,541
					7,198	6,720
10	Taxation				Consoli	datad
10	TUXUIIOII				2002	2001
					£000	£000
					£000	£UUU
	UK Corporation Tax charge on the profits	of subsidiary co	ompanies		(11)	(4)
	UK Corporation Tax charge on the profits	of subsidiary co	ompanies		(11)	(4)
11		of subsidiary co	ompanies		(11)	(4)
11	UK Corporation Tax charge on the profits Fixed tangible assets	of subsidiary co	·	Consolidated	(11)	(4)
11		of subsidiary co	·	Consolidated	(11)	(4)
11		of subsidiary co	·	Consolidated Furniture	(11)	(4)
11		,	C		(11) Art	(4)_
11		Freehold	(Assets in the	Furniture		(4)_ Total
11		Freehold land and	Assets in the course of	Furniture and	Art	
11		Freehold land and buildings	Assets in the course of construction	Furniture and equipment	Art collections	Total
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation	Freehold land and buildings £000	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000	Art collections £000	Total £000
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year	Freehold land and buildings £000	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000	Art collections £000	Total £000
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost	Freehold land and buildings £000	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000	Art collections £000	Total £000 139,660 17,513
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255)	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561)	Art collections £000	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816)
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost	Freehold land and buildings £000	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000	Art collections £000	Total £000 139,660 17,513
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals At the end of the year	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255)	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561)	Art collections £000	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816)
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255)	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561)	Art collections £000	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816)
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals At the end of the year Depreciation	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255) 98,624	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561) 37,734	Art collections £000	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816) 155,357
11	Fixed tangible assets Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals At the end of the year Depreciation At the beginning of the year	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255) 98,624 23,370 2,998	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561) 37,734 24,571 4,200	Art collections £000	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816) 155,357 47,941 7,198
11	Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals At the end of the year Depreciation At the beginning of the year Charge for the year	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255) 98,624	Assets in the course of construction £000	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561) 37,734	Art collections £000	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816) 155,357
11	Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals At the end of the year Depreciation At the beginning of the year Charge for the year Eliminated on disposals At the end of the year	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255) 98,624 23,370 2,998 (56)	Assets in the course of construction £000 3,281 7,642 - 10,923	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561) 37,734 24,571 4,200 (1,561)	Art collections £000 7,501 575 - 8,076	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816) 155,357 47,941 7,198 (1,617)
11	Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals At the end of the year Depreciation At the beginning of the year Charge for the year Eliminated on disposals At the end of the year	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255) 98,624 23,370 2,998 (56) 26,312	Assets in the course of construction £000 3,281 7,642 - 10,923	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561) 37,734 24,571 4,200 (1,561) 27,210	Art collections £000 7,501 575 - 8,076	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816) 155,357 47,941 7,198 (1,617) 53,522
11	Cost or valuation At the beginning of the year Additions at cost Disposals At the end of the year Depreciation At the beginning of the year Charge for the year Eliminated on disposals At the end of the year	Freehold land and buildings £000 95,660 3,219 (255) 98,624 23,370 2,998 (56)	Assets in the course of construction £000 3,281 7,642 - 10,923	Furniture and equipment £000 33,218 6,077 (1,561) 37,734 24,571 4,200 (1,561)	Art collections £000 7,501 575 - 8,076	Total £000 139,660 17,513 (1,816) 155,357 47,941 7,198 (1,617)

Included in furniture and equipment are leased assets. The net book value of these assets at 31 July 2002 was £1,730,000 (2001 £1,866,000) and depreciation during the period on these assets was £151,000 (2001 £166,000).

11 Fixed tangible assets (continued)

	Freehold land and	Assets in the course of	Furniture and	Art	
	buildings	construction	equipment	collections	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Cost or valuation					
At the beginning of the year	89,088	3,281	30,737	7,501	130,607
Additions at cost	3,219	7,642	6,041	575	17,477
Disposals			(1,553)	<u></u> _	(1,553)
At the end of the year	92,307	10,923	35,225	8,076	146,531
Depreciation					
At the beginning of the year	22,361	-	24,084	-	46,445
Charge for the year	2,873	-	4,031	-	6,904
Eliminated on disposals	-	-	(1,553)	-	(1,553)
At the end of the year	25,234	-	26,562		51,796
Net book value					
At the end of the year	67,073	10,923	8,663	8,076	94,735
At the beginning of the year	66,727	3,281	6,653	7,501	84,162

University

The acquisition and construction of buildings with cost totalling £26,736,000 and net book value (after depreciation) £16,365,000 was funded, in whole or in part, by grants totalling £19,030,000 from the Higher Education Funding Council for England ("HEFCE") and its predecessor councils. Under the terms of the Financial Memorandum between the HEFCE and the University, should any of these buildings be sold the University may have to pay to the HEFCE a proportion of the proceeds equal to the proportion of the cost which was grant-funded.

The University cannot sell or otherwise dispose of its art collections.

Freehold land & buildings includes a building funded in part by grants of £14,559,000 from the Sports Lottery Fund. As a condition of grant the operation of the building is regulated by a Community Use Agreement for a period of years expiring in August 2018.

12	Endowment assets	Consolidated &	University
		2002	2001
		£000	£000
	Balance at beginning of year	3,716	3,994
	Movement in funds held within UEA short term deposits	(65)	(220)
	Additions	241	26
	Appreciation, depreciation on disposal or revaluation	(334)	(84)
		3,558	3,716
	Consisting of:		
	UK equities	931	1,064
	Fixed interest securities	952	884
	Overseas funds	18	94
	Other	226	272
	Cash in hand and short term deposits	1,431	1,402
	· ·	3,558	3,716

13	Debtors	Consolio	dated
		2002	2001
		£000	£000
	Debtors, advances and prepayments	9,974	12,195
	Debiors, duvances and prepayments	9,974	12,175
		Unive	reity
		2002	2001
		£000	£000
	Debters advances and average reserve	9,563	10,922
	Debtors, advances and prepayments Amounts due from subsidiary undertakings	889	1,210
	, and only does not respond to the original transfer of the original transfer or the original transfer of the original transfer original transfer of the original transfer origi	10,452	12,132
14	Current asset investments	Consolidated	
		2002	2001
		£000	000£
	Short term deposits maturing within three months	13,261	9,620
	Other short term deposits	1,000	1,000
	Other investments	234	234
		14,495	10,854
16	Cuaditaus, amazunta fullina dua within ana wasu	Consoli	-11
15	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2002	2001
		£000	£000
	Revenue creditors, accruals and receipts in advance	12,802	13,446
	Capital creditors	411	1 241
	Tax and social security Current portion of long term secured loans	1,181 2,005	1,241 1,552
	Obligations under finance leases	167	157
	Bank overdraft	212	255
		16,778	16,675
	For details of security on bank loans and overdrafts see note 16		
	To delatis of second off bank loads and overalatis see fible to	Unive	rsity
		2002	2001
		£000	£000
	Revenue creditors, accruals and receipts in advance	12,521	12,559
	Capital creditors	411	24
	Tax and social security	1,181	1,241
	Amounts due to subsidiary undertakings	206	473
	Current portion of long term secured loans	2,005	1,552
	Bank overdraft	212 16,536	255 16,104
		10,000	10,104

For details of security on bank loans and overdrafts see note 16

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	Consoli 2002 £000	2001 £000
Secured bank loans	25,230	26,592
Other secured loan	-	-
Obligations under finance leases	1,381	1,549
	26,611	28,141
Debts due after more than one year can be analysed as follows:		
	Consoli	idated
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Due 1 - 2 years	1,323	1,998
Due 2 - 5 years	4,468	3,081
Due after more than 5 years	20,820	23,062
	26,611	28,141
	Unive	rsity
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Secured bank loans	25,230	26,592
Other secured loan		
	25,230	26,592
Debts due after more than one year can be analysed as follows:		
	Unive	ersity
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Due 1 - 2 years	1,145	1,831
Due 2 - 5 years	3,865	2,513
Due after more than 5 years	20,220	22,248
	25,230	26,592

Bank loans are secured over University land and buildings and are under various facilities expiring between 2013 and 2021.

17 Provisions for liabilities and charges

16

Consolidated and University

	31.7.01 £000	Provided £000	Utilised £000	31.7.02 £000
Premises - Fifers Lane	308	-	(100)	208
Pensions - SSAP24	1,501	477		1,978
Physics closure	52	-	(52)	-
	1,861	477	(152)	2,186

18	Deferred capital grants	Conso	lidated and Univ	versity
		Funding Council £000	Other £000	Total £000
	At the beginning of the year Buildings Equipment and other fixed tangible assets	8,334 499 8,833	23,970 10,628 34,598	32,304 11,127 43,431
	Grants receivable in the year Buildings Equipment and other fixed tangible assets	8,886 - 8,886	4,414 4,101 8,515	13,300 4,101 17,401
	Released to income and expenditure Buildings Equipment and other fixed tangible assets	(460) (112) (572)	(1,204) (1,692) (2,896)	(1,664) (1,804) (3,468)
	At the end of the year Buildings Equipment and other fixed tangible assets	16,760 387	27,180 13,037	43,940 13,424
		17,147	40,217	57,364
19	Specific endowments		Consolidated 2002 £000	& University 2001 £000
	At the beginning of the year Additions Depreciation of endowment asset investments Income from endowment asset investments Income from current asset investments credited to specific endowments Transferred to income and expenditure account (note 5) At the end of the year		3,716 923 (334) 99 82 (928) 3,558	3,994 555 (84) 108 90 (947) 3,716
	Representing:			
	Lord Zuckerman Bequest Sainsbury Endowment Fund D T K Wong Fellowship Lord Walston Scholarship Music Performance Scholarships Sainsbury Unit Fund Other Funds		911 447 340 287 219 167 1,187 3,558	1,059 491 338 7 255 280 1,286 3,716

20 Movement on general reserves

	Conso	lidated
Income and expenditure account reserve	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Balance at the beginning of the year	28,976	26,466
Surplus after tax	2,472	2,510
Balance at the end of the year	31,448	28,976
	Univ	ersity
	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Balance at the beginning of the year:	28,530	26,091
Surplus after tax	2,598	2,439
Balance at the end of the year	31,128	28,530
Analysis of Surplus	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Surplus for University	2,598	2,439
Surplus retained by subsidiary undertakings arising from consolidation	(126)	71
	2,472	2,510

Depreciation to be charged to the income and expenditure account in future years, less elements to be funded by the release of deferred capital grant, amounts to £44,395,000 (2001: £48,220,000)

21 Other investments

The University holds 34,824 ordinary shares of £1 each fully paid in CVCP Properties PLC, a company owned by the Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals of the Universities of the United Kingdom and its member institutions.

UEA Enterprises Ltd, a subsidiary undertaking of the University, has the following shareholdings:

300 £1 shares in Bioscience Partnership Ltd 249 £1 shares in Webb Microtome Ltd 14,292 £0.05 shares in Segmentis Ltd 26,291 £0.01 shares in Fo2Pix Ltd 50,000 £1 shares in Fo2Pix Ltd 10 £1 shares in WeatherQuest Ltd

22	Reconciliation of consolidated surplus to net ca from operating activities	sh inflow		2002 £000	2001 £000
	Surplus before taxation Endowment income and interest receivable Deferred capital grant release Depreciation Interest payable Decrease/(increase) in stocks Decrease/(increase) in debtors (Decrease)/increase in creditors Increase in provisions Net cash inflow from operating activities			2,483 (1,579) (3,468) 7,198 2,363 7 2,221 (704) 325 8,846	2,514 (1,879) (3,179) 6,720 2,557 (14) (2,785) 1,455 201 5,590
23	Analysis of changes in consolidated net debt	31 Jul 01 £000	Cash flows £000	Other non-cash £000	31 Jul 02 £000
	Cash at bank and in hand Overdrafts	3,814 (255)	3,696 43 3,739		7,510 (212)
	Debt due within 1 year Debt due after 1 year	(1,709) (28,141)	(295) 1,362 1,067	(168) 168	(2,172) (26,611)
	Short term deposits Short term deposits held as endowment assets Other short term deposits	9,620 1,230 1,000	3,641 (65) - 3,576		13,261 1,165 1,000
		(14,441)	8,382		(6,059)
24	Obligations under finance leases			Consc 2002 £000	olidated 2001 £000
	Balance at the beginning of the year: Obligations entered into during the year Capital repayments Balance at the end of the year			1,706 - (158) 1,548	1,854 - (148) 1,706
	Capital obligations payable:			Consc 2002 £000	2001 £000
	Due within 1 year Due between 1 and 5 years Due after more than 5 years			167 781 600 1,548	157 735 814 1,706

The finance lease is secured on the asset to which it relates.

Analysis of changes in financing during the year	Consc	Consolidated		
	2002	2001		
	£000	£000		
Loans:				
Balance at the beginning of the year	29,850	28,939		
Capital acquired in the year - loans	820	2,350		
Capital acquired in the year - finance leases	-	-		
Capital repayments in the year - loans	(1,729)	(1,291)		
Capital repayments in the year - finance leases	(158)	(148)		
Balance at the end of the year	28,783	29,850		

26 Capital commitments

25

At 31 July 2002 there were outstanding commitments for capital expenditure of £3,620,000 (2001 £1,265,000)

27 Subsidiary undertakings

The following companies, all registered in England and Wales, were subsidiary undertakings at 31 July 2002:

Name	Principal activity
UEA Student Residences Limited	Leasing and operating student residences
UEA Utilities Limited	Provision of gas, electricity and other utilities
UEA Estate Services Limited	Property maintenance and refurbishment
UEA Enterprises Limited	Developing intellectual property
Overseas Development Group(UEA)(an exempt charity)	Education and research services
East Anglian University Residences Limited	Property management
UEA Accommodation 1 Ltd	Property management
UEA Accommodation 2 Ltd	Property management
SYS Consulting Ltd	Consultancy
Enventure Associates Ltd	Research and Consultancy

Overseas Development Group (UEA) is a company limited by guarantee over which the University exercises a dominant influence.

The University holds all issued £1 ordinary shares in each of UEA Student Residences Limited, UEA Utilities Limited, UEA Estate Services Limited, UEA Enterprises Limited, UEA Accommodation 1 Ltd, UEA Accommodation 2 Ltd,SYS Consulting Ltd, and Enventure Associates Ltd. It holds all 50 pence shares in East Anglian University Residences Limited. All subsidiary undertakings are included in the consolidation.

The cost of investment of £6,358,000 (2001 £6,203,000) is in respect of East Anglian University Residences Limited, UEA Accommodation 1 Ltd and UEA Accommodation 2 Ltd.

28 Pensions

The University participates in two defined benefit contracted out pension schemes, the Universities Superannuation Scheme and the University of East Anglia Staff Superannuation Scheme. Both of these schemes provide benefits based on final pensionable salary. The assets of each scheme are held in separate trustee administered funds.

Universities Superannuation Scheme

It is not possible to identify each institution's share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme and hence contributions to the scheme are accounted for as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The cost recognised within the surplus/deficit for the year in the income and expenditure account being equal to the contributions payable to the scheme in the year.

The latest published actuarial valuation of the scheme was at 31 March 1999. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rates of increase in salary and pensions. In relation to the past service liabilities the financial assumptions were derived from market yields prevailing at the valuation date. It was assumed that the valuation rate of interest would be 4.5% per annum, salary increases would be 3.6% per annum and pensions would increase by 2.6% per annum. In relation to the future service liabilities it was assumed that the valuation rate of interest would be 5.5% per annum, including an additional investment return assumption of 1% per annum, salary increases would be 3.5% per annum and pensions would increase by 2.5% per annum. The valuation was carried out using the projected unit method.

At the date of the last actuarial valuation , the market value of the assets of the scheme was £18,870 million (including an estimated £55 million in respect of outstanding bulk transfer payments due) and the value of the past service liabilities was £17,427 million leaving a surplus of assets of £1,443 million. The assets therefore were sufficient to cover 108% of the benefits which had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings.

The institution contribution rate required for future service benefits alone at the date of the valuation was 16.3% of salaries but it was agreed that the institution contribution rate will be maintained at 14% of salaries. To fund this reduction of 2.3% for the period of 11 years from the date of valuation (the average outstanding working lifetime of the current members of the scheme) required the use of £561 million of the surplus. It was also agreed, following the valuation, that £201 million of the surplus would be used to fund certain benefit improvements. This left a past service surplus of £681m (including the Supplementary Section) to be carried forward.

Surpluses or deficits which arise at future valuations may impact on the institution's future contribution commitment. The next formal actuarial valuation is due at 31 March 2002 when the above rates will be reviewed.

The total pension cost for the University was £4,375,000 (2001 £3,999,000). The contibution rate payable by the University was 14% of pensionable salaries.

University of East Anglia Staff Superannuation Scheme

An actuarial valuation was carried out as at 31 July 2000. The valuation revealed a surplus of assets (£57,841,000) over past service liabilities (£43,576,000) of £14,265,000.

For the purposes of the valuation, the pension scheme assets were taken into account at their market value, and the liabilities in respect of past service for active members included full allowance for projected salaries to retirement.

In determining the past service liabilities, the principal assumptions used were:

Future price inflation (and the level of future pension increases) : 2.75%
Future salary growth : 4.00%
Discount rate - pre retirement : 5.75%
Discount rate - post retirement : 4.75%

28 Pensions (continued)

The cost of one years benefit accrual for active members was calculated as 24.8% of salaries. This includes an allowance for the expenses of running the Scheme and the cost of insuring the lump sum death benefit. Members contribute at the rate of 6.25% of salaries, and therefore the cost to the University is 18.55% of salary. This cost was calculated using the Projected Unit Method and the above assumtions except the discount rate assumed post retirement was 5.75% p.a.

Due to the surplus, the University has decided to suspend contributions until 31 July 2003.

For the purposes of the accounts, and consistent with previous years, the University has adopted the expense and balance sheet figures required under SSAP24 using the valuation results shown above. The pension expense is set out below:

	31 July 02
	000s
Regular cost	1,936
Interest cost	. 86
Prior service cost	78
Variation in regular cost	(1,623)
Total expense	477

The variation in regular cost was calculated by amortising the surplus at 31 July 2002 over the average remaining future working lifetime of the active members (12 years) on a percentage of pensionable salary basis.

The prior service cost represents additional liabilities taken on by the scheme.

The pension provision at the start of the year was £1,501,000, representing the accumulated pension expense net of contributions received by the University. Allowing for the pension expense of £477,000 this increases the provision at 31 July 2002 to £1,978,000.

Additional disclosures required in respect of FRS 17

The pension cost figures used in these accounts comply with the current pension cost accounting standard SSAP24. A new pension cost accounting standard, FRS17, must be used for the figures that will be shown in the accounts at 31 July 2005 and subsequent years. Under transitional arrangements the University is required to disclose the following information about the Scheme and the figures that would have been shown under FRS17 in the current income and expenditure account and balance sheet.

A full actuarial valuation was carried out at 31 July 2000 and updated to 31 July 2001 and 31 July 2002 by a qualified independent actuary. The major assumptions used by the actuary were:

	3	31 July 02	31 July 01
Future price inflation (and the level of future pension increases)	:	2.25%	2.50% p.a.
Future salary growth	:	3.50%	3.75% p.a.
Discount rate	:	5.75%	5.75% p.a.

The assets in the scheme and the expected rate of return were:

	Long term rate of	Value at	Long term rate of	Value at
	return expected	31 July 02	return expected	31 July 01
	at 31 July 02	£000's	at 31 July 01	£000's
Equities	6.75%	30,696	6.75%	36,165
Bonds	4.75%	13,168	4.75%	15,810
Present val Surplus in	et value of assets ue of scheme liabilities the scheme erred tax liability in asset	43,864 (40,247) 3,617 - 3,617		51,975 (39,817) 12,158 - 12,158

28 Pensions (continued)

Service cost Past service cost

Balance sheet presentation:-

If the above pension asset was recognised in the financial statements, the consolidated net assets and general reserve would be as follows

	Consolidated Net Assets £000's	Consolidated General Reserve £000's
As reported Pension asset as per FRS17 Release of SSAP 24 provision	92,370 3,617 1,978	31,448 3,617 1,978
On FRS17 basis Analysis of the amount charged to operating profit:	97,965 At 31 July 02	37,043_

£000's 66 total operating charge

Analysis of the amount charged to the financing of provisions:

	At 31 July 02 £000's
Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension scheme liabilities	3,157 (2,298)
Net return	859

Analysis of the amount recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL):

Actual return less expected return on assets Experience gains and losses on liabilities Change in assumptions Actuarial gain/(loss) recognised in STRGL Movement in surplus during the year:- At 31 July 02 £000's Surplus in scheme at beginning of year Movement in year: Current service cost Contributions Past service costs Net return on assets/(interest cost) Actuarial gain/(loss) Surplus in scheme at end of year 3,617		At 31 July 02 £000's
At 31 July 02 £000's Surplus in scheme at beginning of year 12,158 Movement in year: Current service cost (1,797) Contributions 240 Past service costs (66) Net return on assets/(interest cost) 859 Actuarial gain/(loss) (7,777)	Experience gains and losses on liabilities Change in assumptions	1,700
Movement in year: (1,797) Current service cost (1,797) Contributions 240 Past service costs (66) Net return on assets/(interest cost) 859 Actuarial gain/(loss) (7,777)	Movement in surplus during the year:-	,
Current service cost (1,797) Contributions 240 Past service costs (66) Net return on assets/(interest cost) 859 Actuarial gain/(loss) (7,777)		12,158
Past service costs (66) Net return on assets/(interest cost) 859 Actuarial gain/(loss) (7,777)	,	(1,797)
Net return on assets/(interest cost) 859 Actuarial gain/(loss) (7,777)	Contributions	240
Actuarial gain/(loss) (7,777)	Past service costs	(66)
	Net return on assets/(interest cost)	859
Surplus in scheme at end of year 3,617	Actuarial gain/(loss)	(7,777)
	Surplus in scheme at end of year	3,617

History of experience gains and losses:-

Thistory of experience game and lesses.	
Difference between the expected and actual returns on schem	e assets
Amount (£000's)	(9,994)
Percentage of scheme assets	(-19%)
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities	
Amount (£000's)	517
Percentage of scheme assets	1%
Total amount recognised in STRGL	
Amount (£000's)	(7,777)
Percentage of scheme assets	(-15%)

29 Queen's Building

The University has contracted with the East Norfolk and Suffolk Education and Training Consortium (ENSETC) (which has delegated authority from the NHS Executive via its regional office) to teach, to degree level, occupational therapy and physiotherapy students nominated and funded by ENSETC. The teaching takes place on campus in the Queen's Building, which the then Anglia & Oxford Regional Health Authority constructed at its own expense on land leased to the Secretary of State for Health by the University for sixty years. The University pays no rent for its occupation of the building.

The University has undertaken, in the event of the teaching contract being terminated before the expiry of sixty years following the completion of the building in 1992, to purchase it or lease it back from the Secretary of State for Health. The purchase price or rental is to be calculated by reference to the initial construction cost of the building and the increase in building costs since the date of construction with an overriding depreciation to zero over the sixty years of the lease. The University believes it is unlikely that this contingent capital commitment will arise in the foreseeable future.

30 Access funds

	2002	2001
	£000	£000
Balance at beginning of year	22	152
Funding Council Access Funds	313	314
Interest earned	12	13
Disbursements to students	(292)	(457)
Balance at end of year	55	22

Funding Council Access Funds are available solely for students. As the University acts as a paying agent only, these transactions have not been reflected in these financial statements.

31 Sainsbury Laboratory

The Sainsbury Laboratory for molecular plant pathology was created on 12 March 1987 as a joint venture between the Trustees of the Gatsby Charitable Foundation (one of the Sainsbury family charitable trusts), the Trustees of the John Innes Foundation, the Biotechnology and Biological Sciences Research Council and the University of East Anglia. Money to construct the building occupied by the Laboratory and to cover annual running costs has been provided by the Gatsby Charitable Foundation. With effect from 1 April 1997 the joint venture was transferred to a company "the Sainsbury Laboratory", limited by guarantee and registered as a charity.

Staff working at the Laboratory are joint employees of the University of East Anglia and the company and their payroll costs are fully reimbursed. The Laboratory shares certain facilities at the John Innes Centre for which appropriate reimbursement is made. The building belongs to the Trustees of the John Innes Foundation. Expenditure on Laboratory staff and its reimbursement are excluded from the University's financial statements.

32 Sainsbury Institute for the Study of Japanese Art and Culture

The Sainsbury Institute for the Study of Japanese Arts and Culture (SISJAC) is an independent Institute affiliated to the University, founded in 1998 and currently located in Norwich in accommodation leased by the University from the Dean and Chapter of Norwich Cathedral. In due course the Institute will move to refurbished accommodation leased from the Dean and Chapter.

Staff of the Institute are employees of the University and their salary costs are fully reimbursed from external sources. Other running costs of the Institute are paid in the first instance by the University and these also are fully reimbursed from external sources. Expenditure and its reimbursement are included in the University's financial statements.

33 Related Party Transactions

Bioscience Partnership Limited (BPL) is a joint venture between the University, Babraham Institute and the University of Newcastle, with the aim of developing intellectual property in the biotechnology field. UEA Enterprises Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the University, owns 30% of the issued share capital and Professor Alan Dawson, the Pro Vice Chancellor (Science), is a director of both companies. During the year BPL contracted with the University for services in connection with the potential exploitation of intellectual property . The sum involved amounted to £25,000. The sums due for these services were charged to the Income and Expenditure Account during the year. It is anticipated that the costs will be recovered through future royalty and other income.